

### Anaerobe Dichtstoffe eco-friendly Safety Data Sheet

according to WHS Regulations (SLI No. 262 of 2011), as amended and in force on 31 October 2023 Date of issue: 14/06/2024 Revision date: -Version/Replaced version: 1.0/-

Section 1: Identification	
1.1. Product identifier	
Product form	: Mixture
Product name	: Anaerobe Dichtstoffe eco-friendly
	EL-Add 48, EL-Fil 77, EL-Liq 73, EL-Liq 74, EL-Loc 43, EL-Loc 70
1.2. Other means of identification	
Product code	<ul> <li>EL-Add 48: 954.030 (50 ml)</li> <li>EL-Fil 77: 954.020 (50 ml)</li> <li>EL-Liq 73: 777.792 (50 ml)</li> <li>EL-Liq 74: 461.682 (50 ml)</li> <li>EL-Loc 43: 700.501 (10 ml), 954.000 (50 ml)</li> <li>EL-Loc 70: 700.521 (10 ml), 954.010 (50 ml)</li> </ul>
1.3. Recommended use of the chemical	l and restrictions on use
Intended for general public	
Recommended use of the substance/mixture	: Adhesive, sealant
1.4. Details of manufacturer or importer	r
Manufacturer ElringKlinger AG Max-Eyth-Straße 2 72581 Dettingen/Erms - Germany T +49 (0)7123 724 799 det.iam.sdb@elringklinger.com	Supplier
Safety Data Sheet: DLAC Dienstleistungsagente	ur Chemie GmbH, E-mail: sds@dlac-gmbh.de
1.5. Emergency phone number	

24 h emergency telephone number : +1 872 5888271 (EKA)

### Section 2: Hazard(s) identification

**Classification of the hazardous chemical** 2.1.

#### **GHS Classification according to WHS Regulations**

Not classified

### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

To our knowledge, this product does not present any particular risk, provided it is handled in accordance with good occupational hygiene and safety practice.

2.2. Label elements, including precautionary statements

### **GHS Labelling according to WHS Regulations**

No labelling applicable

Other hazards 2.3.

No additional information available

Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients, in accordance with Schedule 8

3.1. **Substances** 

Not applicable

.2. Mixtures			
Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to WHS Regulations
Oxydipropyl dibenzoate	(CAS No) 27138-31-4	< 15	Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Titanium dioxide	(CAS No) 13463-67-7	< 1	Carc. 2, H351

### Other relevant ingredients:

Name	Product identifier	Classification according to WHS Regulations
Silica, amorphous	(CAS No) 7631-86-9	Not classified

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Section 4: First aid mea	sures		
4.1. Description of necessary first aid measures			
First-aid measures general	:	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If possible, show him this sheet. Failing this, show him the packaging or label. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place the affected person in the recovery position.	
First-aid measures after inhalation		Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.	
First-aid measures after skin co	ntact :	Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water.	
First-aid measures after eye cor	itact :	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
First-aid measures after ingestic	on :	Rinse mouth. Drink water as a precaution. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
4.2. Symptoms caused b	y exposure		
Symptoms/injuries	:	Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.	
4.3. Medical attention an	d special treatmen	it	
Treat symptomatically.			
Section 5: Firefighting n	neasures		
5.1. Suitable extinguishing	ng equipment		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use extinguishing agents that suit the environment. Carbon dioxide. Extinguishing powder. Water spray. For a significant fire: Alcohol resistant foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use a heavy water stream.	
5.2. Specific hazards aris	sing from the chen	nical	
Hazardous decomposition produ fire	ucts in case of :	Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. Toxic gases and vapours. Silicon oxides. Hydrogen fluoride. Nitrogen oxides. Sulfur oxides.	
5.3. Special protective ed	quipment and prec	autions for firefighters	
Firefighting instructions	:	Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.	
Protection during firefighting	:	Use a self-contained breathing apparatus and also a protective suit.	
Section 6: Accidental re	lease measure	S	
6.1. Personal precaution	s, protective equip	oment and emergency procedures	
General measures	:	Provide adequate ventilation. Do not breathe dust, vapours. Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.	
Emergency procedures	:	Evacuate unnecessary personnel.	
Protective equipment	:	Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Use personal protective equipment as required. For further information refer to section 8: " Exposure controls and personal protection".	
6.2. Environmental preca	autions		
Prevent entry to sewers and pul	olic waters.		
6.3. Methods and materia	als for containmen	t and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	:	Wipe up with absorbent material (for example cloth). Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Dispose of in accordance with relevant local regulations.	
Section 7: Handling and	storage		
7.1. Precautions for safe			
Precautions for safe handling	:	Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Avoid breathing dust, vapours, spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear personal protective equipment.	
Hygiene measures	:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.	
7.2. Conditions for safe s	storage, including	any incompatibilities	
Storage conditions	:	Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from heat and direct sunlight.	
Storage temperature	:	< 20 °C	
Prohibitions on mixed storage	:	Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.	
Section 8: Exposure co	ntrols and pers	onal protection	
8.1. Exposure control me	-		
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7	7)		
Australia	Local name	Titanium dioxide (a)	

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)		
Australia H	CIS TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Australia N	otes (HCIS)	H (see Chapter 14)
ACGIH Lo	ocal name	Titanium dioxide
ACGIH T	LV-TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particles; nanoscale particles) 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particles; fine-scale particles) 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particles)
ACGIH R	emark (ACGIH)	A3
Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)		
Australia	ocal name	Silica - Amorphous / Fumed silica (respirable dust)
Australia H	HCIS TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Australia N	otes (HCIS)	A (see Chapter 14); Carc. 1A; (also see Silica - Amorphous)
8.2. Biological monitoring		
No additional information available		
8.3. Control Banding		
No additional information available		
8.4. Engineering controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	Ŭ	ral room ventilation to minimize vapour concentrations.
	easures, for example personal protective eq	
Hand protection		22161 or equivalent). Nitrile rubber, > 0.56 mm. The exact bread out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be
Eye protection	: Chemical goggles or safety gla	asses (AS/NZS 1337 or equivalent).
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective cloth	ng.
Skin and body protection Respiratory protection	: Where exposure through inha	ng. ation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is otection with filter type P2 (AS/NZS 1716 or equivalent).
	: Where exposure through inha	ation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is otection with filter type P2 (AS/NZS 1716 or equivalent).
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>Where exposure through inha recommended. Respiratory pr</li> <li>Avoid release to the environm</li> </ul>	ation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is otection with filter type P2 (AS/NZS 1716 or equivalent).
Respiratory protection Environmental exposure controls Section 9: Physical and ch	Where exposure through inha recommended. Respiratory pr Avoid release to the environm memical properties	ation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is otection with filter type P2 (AS/NZS 1716 or equivalent).
Respiratory protection Environmental exposure controls Section 9: Physical and ch 9.1. Information on basic ph	Where exposure through inha recommended. Respiratory pr     Avoid release to the environm remical properties rysical and chemical properties	ation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is otection with filter type P2 (AS/NZS 1716 or equivalent).
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Respiratory protection Environmental exposure controls Section 9: Physical and ch 9.1. Information on basic ph	Where exposure through inha recommended. Respiratory pr Avoid release to the environm remical properties rysical and chemical properties Liquid	ation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is otection with filter type P2 (AS/NZS 1716 or equivalent). ent.
Respiratory protection Environmental exposure controls Section 9: Physical and ch 9.1. Information on basic physical state Colour Odour Melting point/freezing point	<ul> <li>Where exposure through inhar recommended. Respiratory pr</li> <li>Avoid release to the environm</li> <li>Avoid release to the environm</li> </ul>	ation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is otection with filter type P2 (AS/NZS 1716 or equivalent). ent.
Respiratory protection Environmental exposure controls Section 9: Physical and ch 9.1. Information on basic ph Physical state Colour Odour Melting point/freezing point Boiling point or initial boiling point a range	: Where exposure through inha recommended. Respiratory pr : Avoid release to the environm remical properties rysical and chemical properties : Liquid : Varying, depends on colouring : Characteristic : No data available nd boiling : No data available	ation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is otection with filter type P2 (AS/NZS 1716 or equivalent). ent.
Respiratory protection Environmental exposure controls Section 9: Physical and ch 9.1. Information on basic physical state Colour Odour Melting point/freezing point Boiling point or initial boiling point a	<ul> <li>Where exposure through inhar recommended. Respiratory pr</li> <li>Avoid release to the environm</li> <li>Avoid release to the environm</li> </ul>	ation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is otection with filter type P2 (AS/NZS 1716 or equivalent). ent.
Respiratory protection Environmental exposure controls Section 9: Physical and ch 9.1. Information on basic ph Physical state Colour Odour Melting point/freezing point Boiling point or initial boiling point a range	<ul> <li>Where exposure through inhal recommended. Respiratory pr</li> <li>Avoid release to the environmended. Respiratory pr</li> <li>Indext and chemical properties</li> <li>I Liquid</li> <li>Varying, depends on colouring</li> <li>Characteristic</li> <li>I No data available</li> <li>I Not applicable</li> </ul>	ation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is otection with filter type P2 (AS/NZS 1716 or equivalent). ent.
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Respiratory protection Environmental exposure controls Section 9: Physical and ch 2.1. Information on basic ph Physical state Colour Odour Melting point/freezing point Boiling point or initial boiling point a range Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit/flar imit Flash point Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature DH Kinematic viscosity Solubility Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	<ul> <li>Where exposure through inhal recommended. Respiratory prices</li> <li>Avoid release to the environmended. Respiratory prices</li> <li>Liquid</li> <li>Varying, depends on colouring</li> <li>Characteristic</li> <li>No data available</li> </ul>	ation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is otection with filter type P2 (AS/NZS 1716 or equivalent). ent.
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Respiratory protection Environmental exposure controls Section 9: Physical and ch 2.1. Information on basic ph Physical state Colour Odour Melting point/freezing point Boiling point or initial boiling point a ange Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit/flar imit Flash point Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Decomposition temperature DH Kinematic viscosity Solubility Partition coefficient n-octanol/water /apour pressure Density and/or relative density Relative vapour density Particle characteristics	<ul> <li>Where exposure through inhal recommended. Respiratory prices</li> <li>Avoid release to the environmended. Respiratory prices</li> <li>Liquid</li> <li>Liquid</li> <li>Varying, depends on colouring</li> <li>Characteristic</li> <li>No data available</li> </ul>	ation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is otection with filter type P2 (AS/NZS 1716 or equivalent). ent.

Sectior	n 10: Stability and reactivity
10.1.	Reactivity
Exotherm	nic polymerization may occur.

ccording to WHS Regulations (SLI No. 262 of 2011), as a	amended and in force on 31 October 2023
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stable under use and storage conditions as recor	nmended in section 7.
č	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal use.	
None under normal use.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
High temperature.	
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Acids, peroxides, copper, strong oxidizing agents	
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	
No hazardous decomposition products known at	room temperature. In case of fire: Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. Toxic gases and vapours.
Silicon oxides. Hydrogen fluoride. Nitrogen oxides Section 11: Toxicological information	
11.1. Information on hazard classes	•
Acute toxicity	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Oxydipropyl dibenzoate (27138-31-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3914 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	> 200 mg/l/4 h
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)	
IARC	Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) — single	: Not classified
exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) —	: Not classified
repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
11.2. Information on other hazards	
Information on possible routes of exposure	: Oral, dermal, inhalative
Early onset symptoms related to exposure	: No additional information available
Delayed health effects from exposure	: No additional information available
Exposure levels and health effects	: No additional information available
Interactive effects	: None known.
Mixtures of chemicals	: No additional information available
Other information	: No additional information available
Section 12: Ecological information	
12.1. Ecotoxicity	
Acute aquatic toxicity	: Not classified
Chronic aquatic toxicity	: Not classified
Oxydipropyl dibenzoate (27138-31-4) LC50 fish	3.7 mall 06 h. Dimenhales prometes
EL50 daphnia	3.7 mg/l 96 h, Pimephales promelas         19.3 mg/l 48 h, Daphnia magna
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Oxydipropyl dibenzoate (27138-31-4)	
EL50 algae	4.9 mg/l 72 h, Raphidocelis subcapitata
NOEC daphnia	5.6 mg/l 21 d, Daphnia magna
NOELR algae	1 mg/l 72 h, Raphidocelis subcapitata
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Oxydipropyl dibenzoate (27138-31-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation	87 %, 29 d (EPA OPPTS 835.3110)
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
No additional information available	
12.4. Mobility in soil	
No additional information available	
12.5. Other adverse effects	
No additional information available	
Section 13: Disposal considerations	
13.1. Disposal methods	
Regional legislation (waste)	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.
Waste treatment methods	: Do not empty into drains. Do not dispose of with domestic waste.
Waste disposal recommendations	: Empty the packaging completely prior to dispose of with domestic waste.
	recyclable like any other packing.
Section 14: Transport information	
In accordance ADG / IMDG / IATA	
14.1. UN number	
UN-No. (ADG)	: Not applicable
UN-No. (IMDG)	: Not applicable
UN-No. (IATA)	: Not applicable
14.2. Proper Shipping Name or Technical I	
Proper Shipping Name (ADG)	
	: Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Not applicable
14.3. Transport hazard class	
ADG	
Transport hazard class(es) (ADG)	: Not applicable
IMDG	
Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG)	: Not applicable
ΙΑΤΑ	
Transport hazard class(es) (IATA)	: Not applicable
14.4. Packing group number	
Packing group (ADG)	: Not applicable
Packing group (IMDG)	: Not applicable
Packing group (IATA)	: Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards for transport	
Dangerous for the environment	: No
Marine pollutant	: No
Other information	: No supplementary information available.
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Transport by road and rail (ADG)	
Not applicable	
Transport by sea (IMDG)	
Not applicable	

Safety Data Sheet

according to WHS Regulations (SLI No. 262 of 2011), as amended and in force on 31 October 2023

### Air transport (IATA)

Not applicable

### 14.7. Additional information

### No additional information available

### 14.8. Hazchem or Emergency Action Code

Not applicable

### Section 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations

Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in International Trade Contains no substance(s) subject to the Rotterdam Convention.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Contains no substance(s) subject to the Stockholm Convention.

#### Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer

Suspected of causing cancer.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Toxic to aquatic life.

Contains no substance(s) subject to the Montreal Protocol.

Section 16: Any other relevant information		
Data sources	: Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 (Select Legislative Instrument No. 262, 2011) as amended and in force, dated 31 October 2023, in conjunction with the Work Health and Safety Amendment (Chemicals Labelling) Regulations 2023 dated 13 December 2023.	
Date of preparation or review : 14/06/2024		
Changes compared to the	the previous version : -	
Key abbreviations or ac	ronyms used:	
ADG	Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail	
EC50	The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response (Median Effective Concentration)	
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association	
IMDG	"International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code" for the transport of dangerous goods by sea	
LC50	Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population (Median Lethal Concentration)	
LD50	Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)	
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development	
WHS Regulations	Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 (Select Legislative Instrument No. 262, 2011)	
Full text of H-phrases:		
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Acute Hazard, Category 2	
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 3	
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, Category 2	

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

H351

H401

H412